



Agricultural Research Institute



Dried Distillers Grain byproduct improves the fatty acid profile of ewe milk in Chios sheep

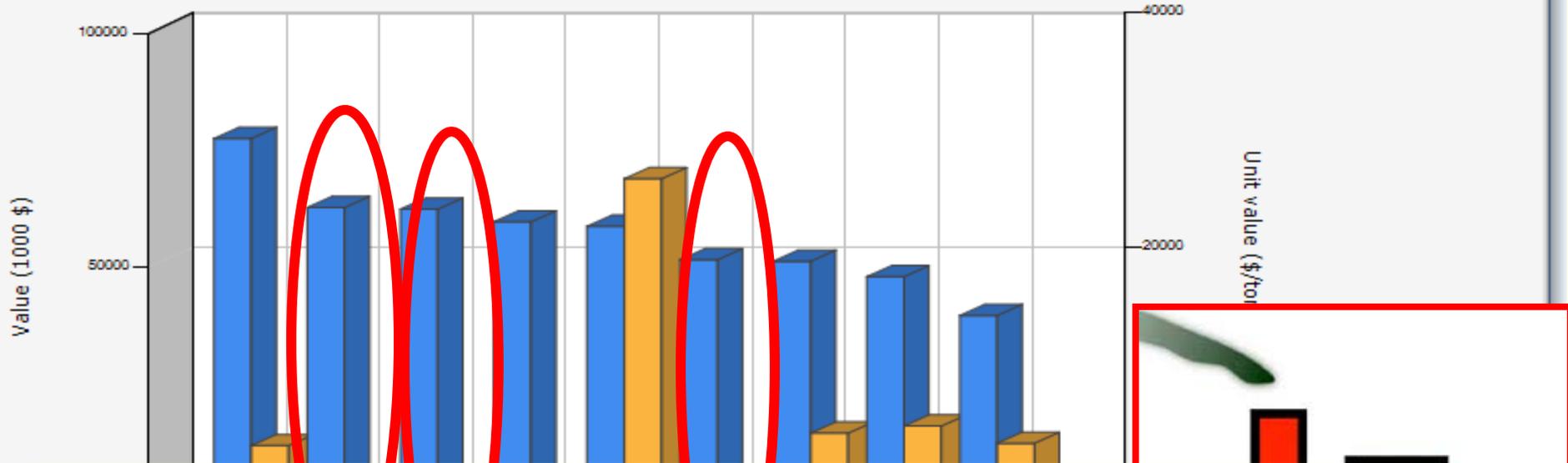
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Why to do research on that subject in Cyprus ?



Top imports - Cyprus - 2011



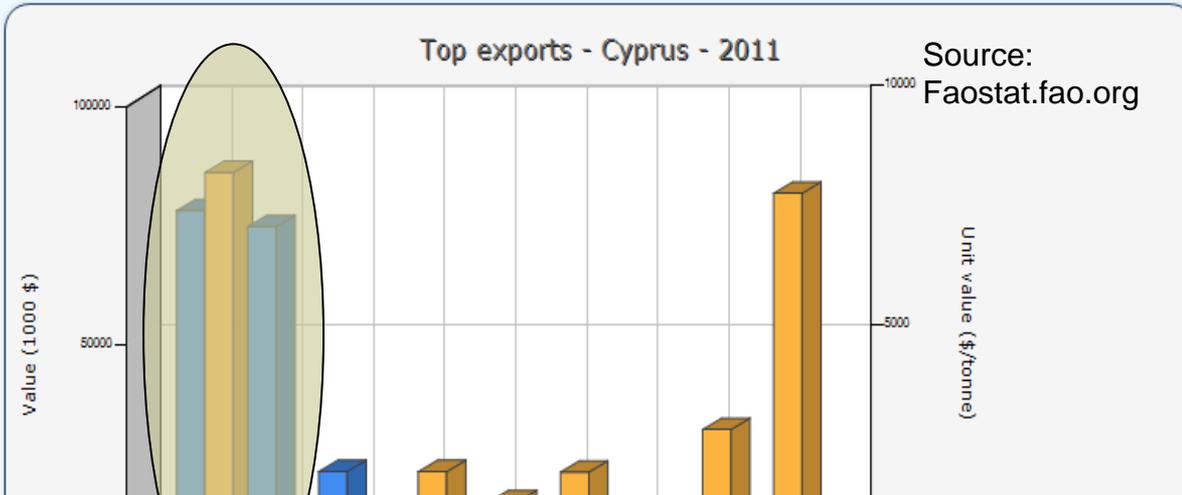
Feedstuffs in Cyprus are

- not enough and therefore imported
- the most crucial constrain for successful production in dairy industry
- there is a need for alternative feeds

Why to do research on that subject in Cyprus ?



the most important agricultural export of Cyprus is halloumi cheese



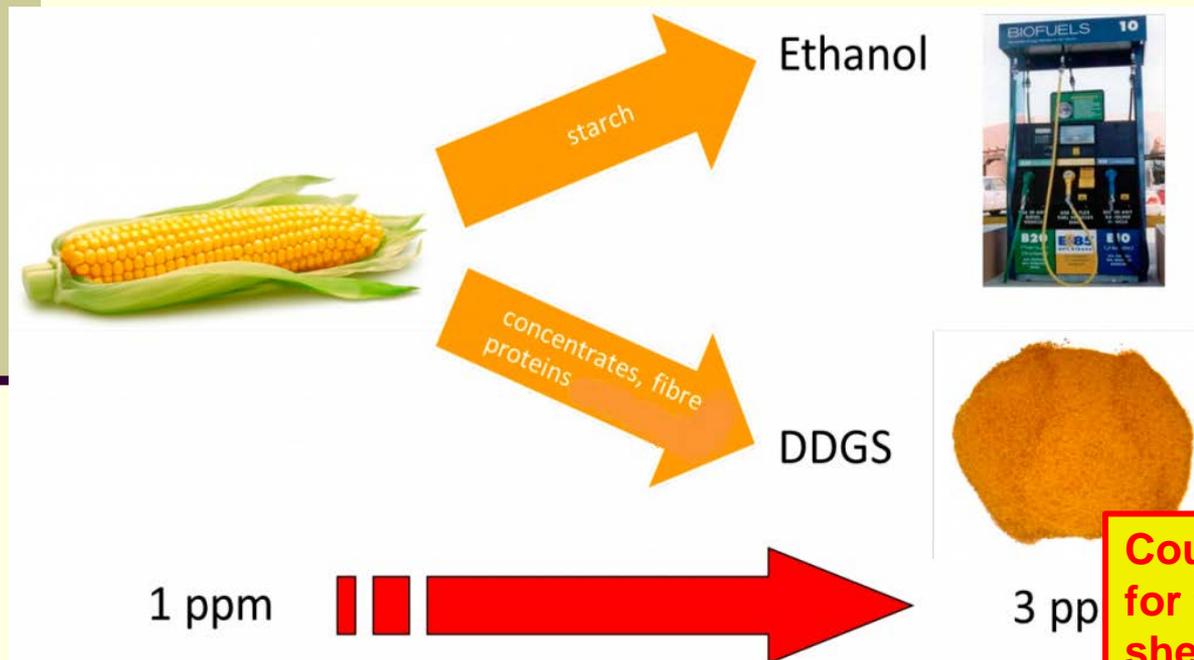
Halloumi cheese is

- made mainly from sheep and goat milk
 - is rich in fat (41% on DM basis)
- there is a need from the dairy industry to improve the fat profile of sheep milk

(1000 \$)
value (\$/tonne)

What is “Dried Distillers Grains with Solubles (DDGS)”

- Is the dried residue remaining after the starch fermentation with selected yeasts and enzymes to produce bio-ethanol



The main difference from the grain

- starch
- protein
- fat
- fiber
- yeast

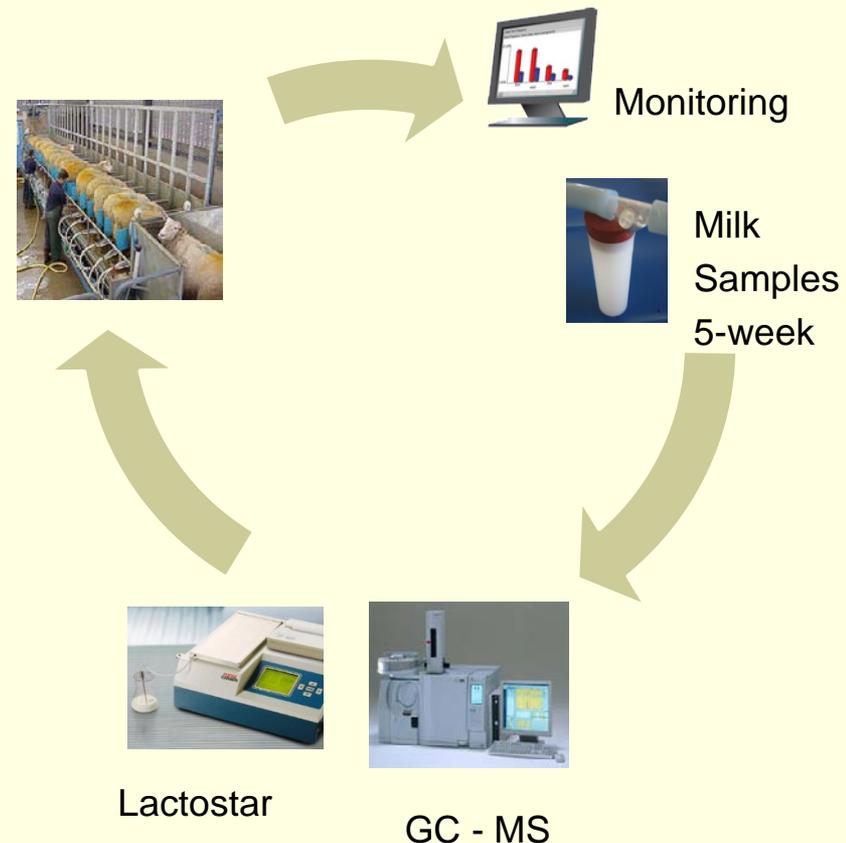
Could we use this by-product for the improvement of sheep milk production and dairy lipids?

Material and methods

45 Chios ewes in mid-lactation were housed indoors and allocated to 3 iso-energetic and iso-nitrogenous feeding regimes:

- **G0 group**: no inclusion of DDGS
- **G10 group**: 10% inclusion of DDGS
- **G20 group**: 20% inclusion of DDGS on DM basis

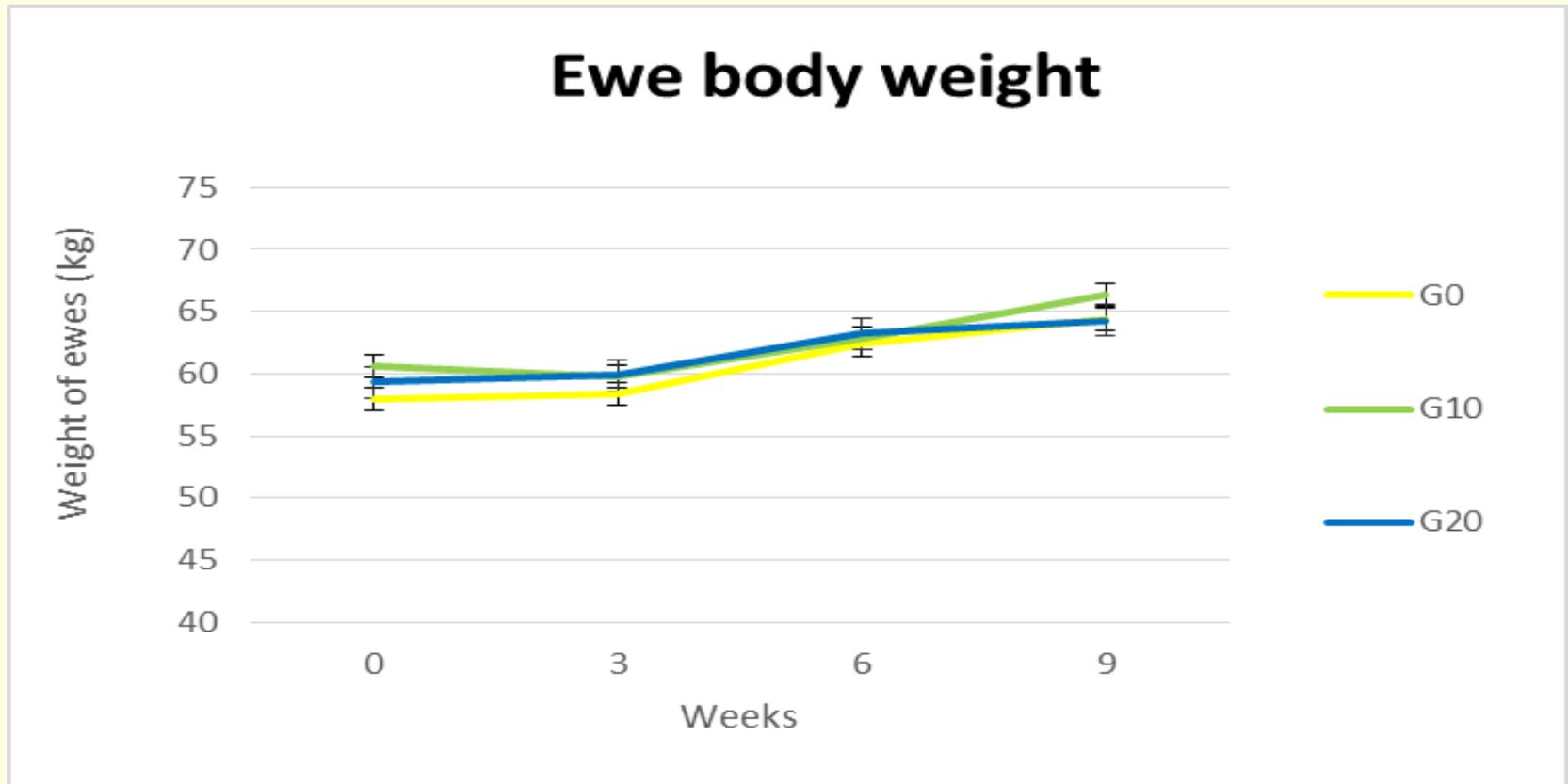
The experiment lasted for 9 weeks and BW, milk yield, feed intake were measured, whilst milk samples were taken during the first 5 weeks for analysis



Diet ingredients, % of DM	G0	G10	G20
Barley grain	26	26	26
Corn grain	30,2	26,5	22,3
Wheat bran	8	8	8
Sugar beet pulp	10	10	10
Soya meal 47%	14	7,8	2
MCP (monocalcium phosphate)	0,2	0	0
Vitamins and micro minerals	0,2	0,2	0,2
Sunflower 35%	8	8	8
DDGS from wheat	0	10	20
øgO	0,2	0,2	0,2
Sodium Biocarbonate	0,8	1,8 kg concentrate 1,2 kg barley hay per animal	
Limestone	2,2		
Salt	0,2	0,2	0,2

Chemical composition, % DM	G0	G10	G20
Protein	14,88	14,46	14,96
Cfibre	15,44	15,71	16,20
Ash	6,32	6,39	6,72
Fat	2,45	2,80	2,70
Ca	0,77	0,77	0,78
P	0,41	0,40	0,45
Na	0,30	0,31	0,31
Cl	0,42	0,42	0,43
S	0,19	0,20	0,20
Mg %	0,29	0,30	0,31
K %	1,46	1,40	1,36
ME MJ Rum.	10,92	10,95	10,91
NDF%	34,6	36,5	39,4
ADF%	19,1	20,0	20,8
% DM	88,00	88,00	88,00

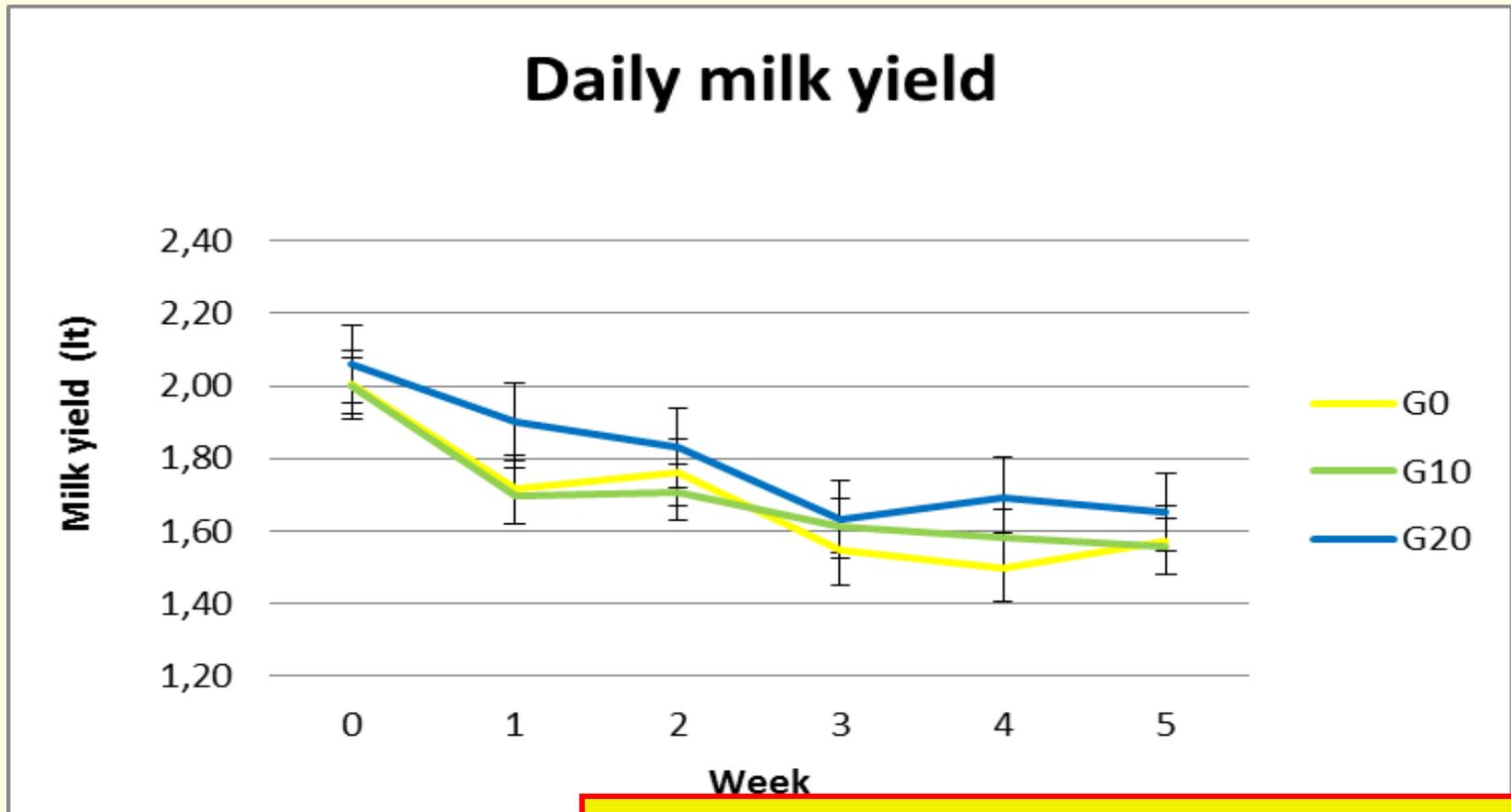
Results on body weight



Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P <$

No differences on weight

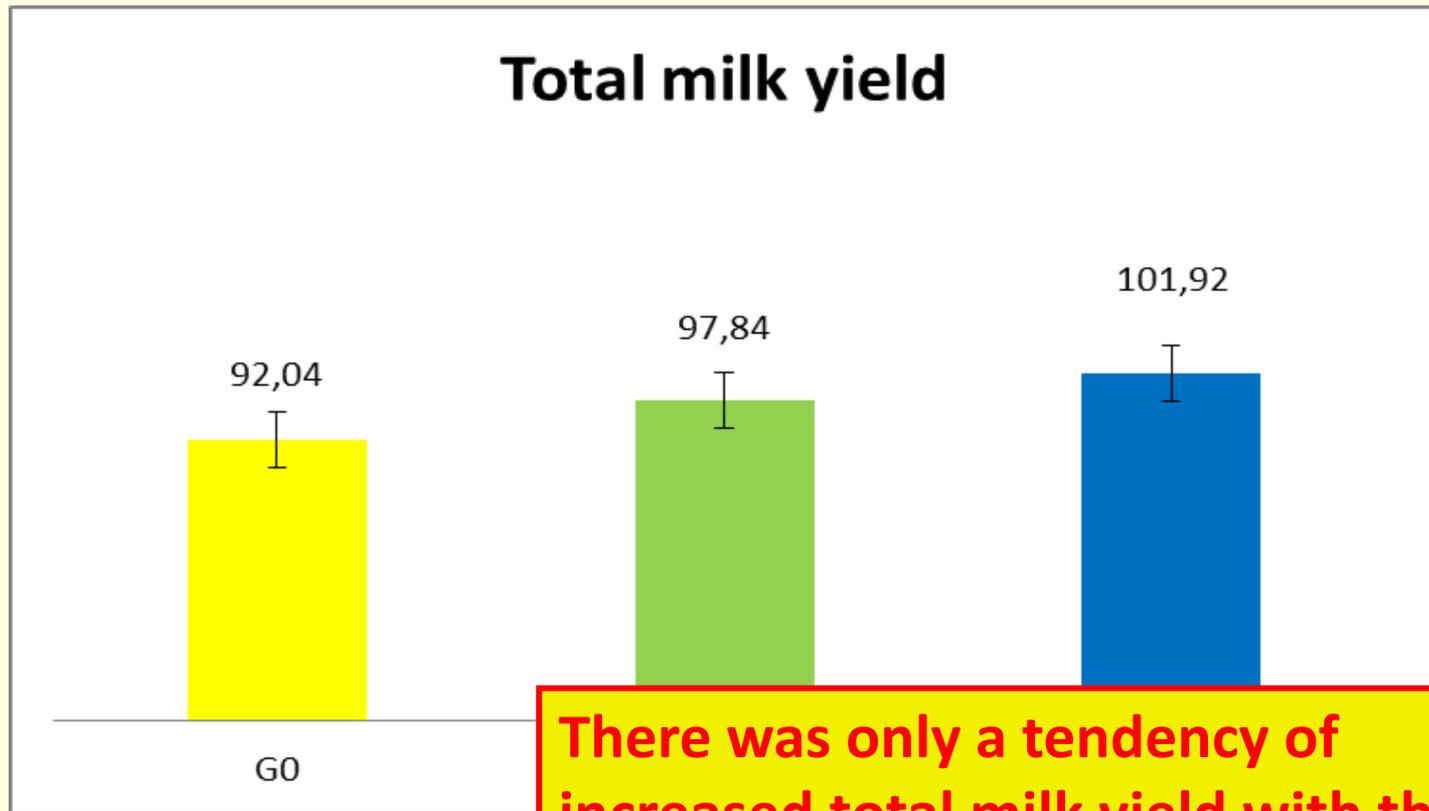
Results on daily milk yield



No differences on daily milk yield

Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

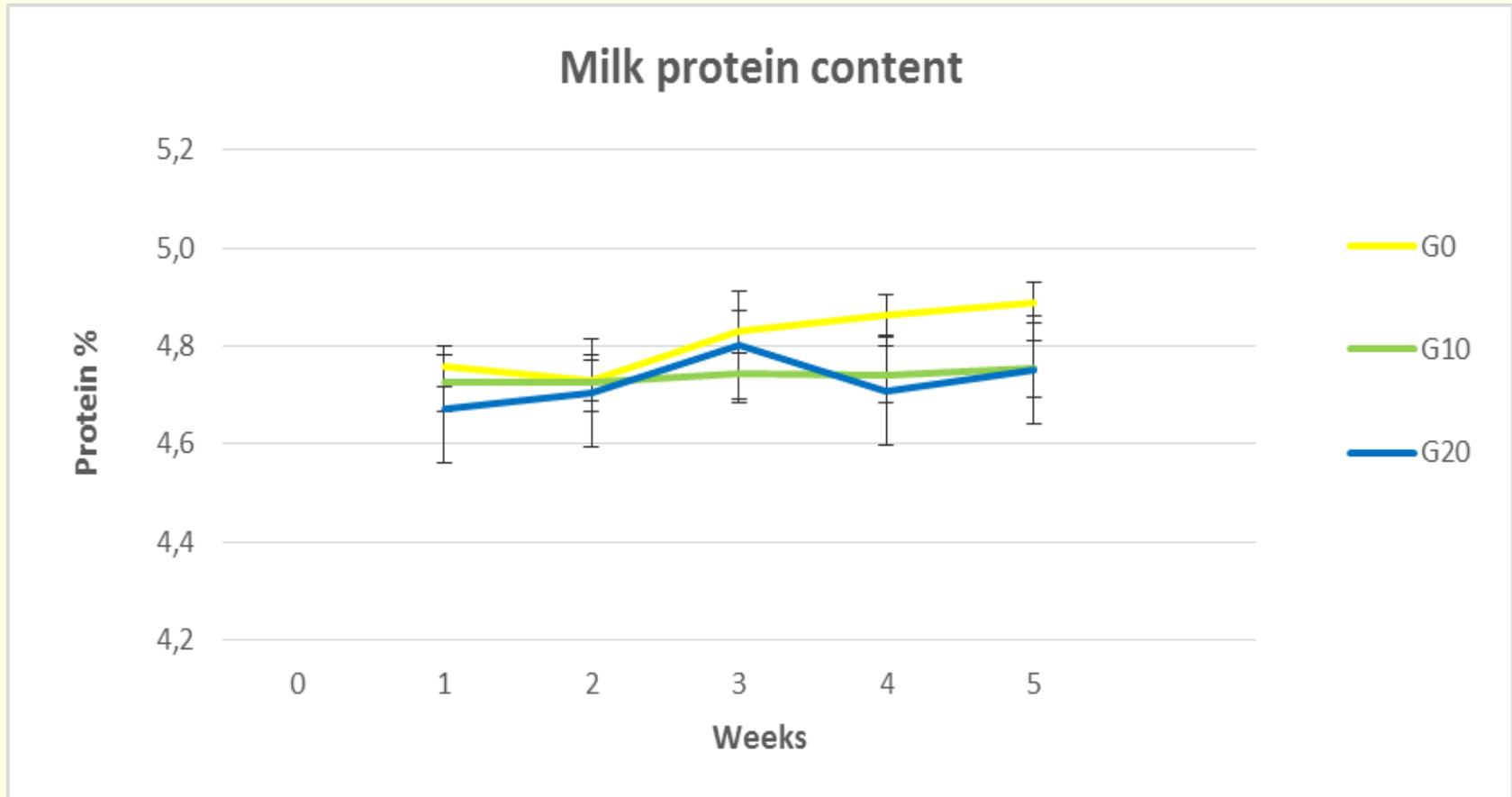
Results on milk yield for 9 weeks (lt per ewe)



There was only a tendency of increased total milk yield with the inclusion of DDGS

Error bars are standard error of the mean, $\pm 10,00$, $\pm 10,00$, $\pm 10,00$

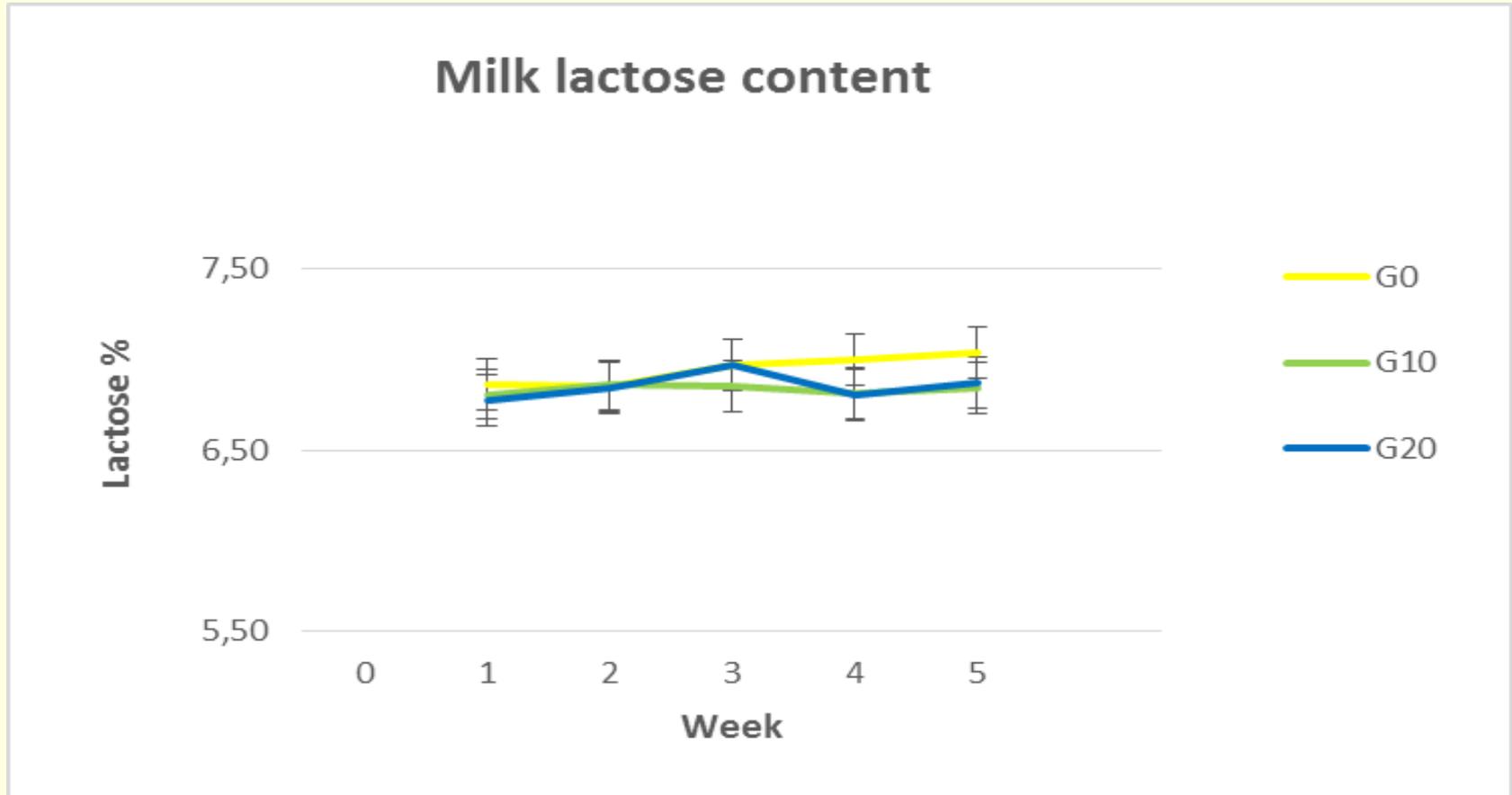
Results on milk constituents



Error bars are standard error of the mean

No differences on milk protein

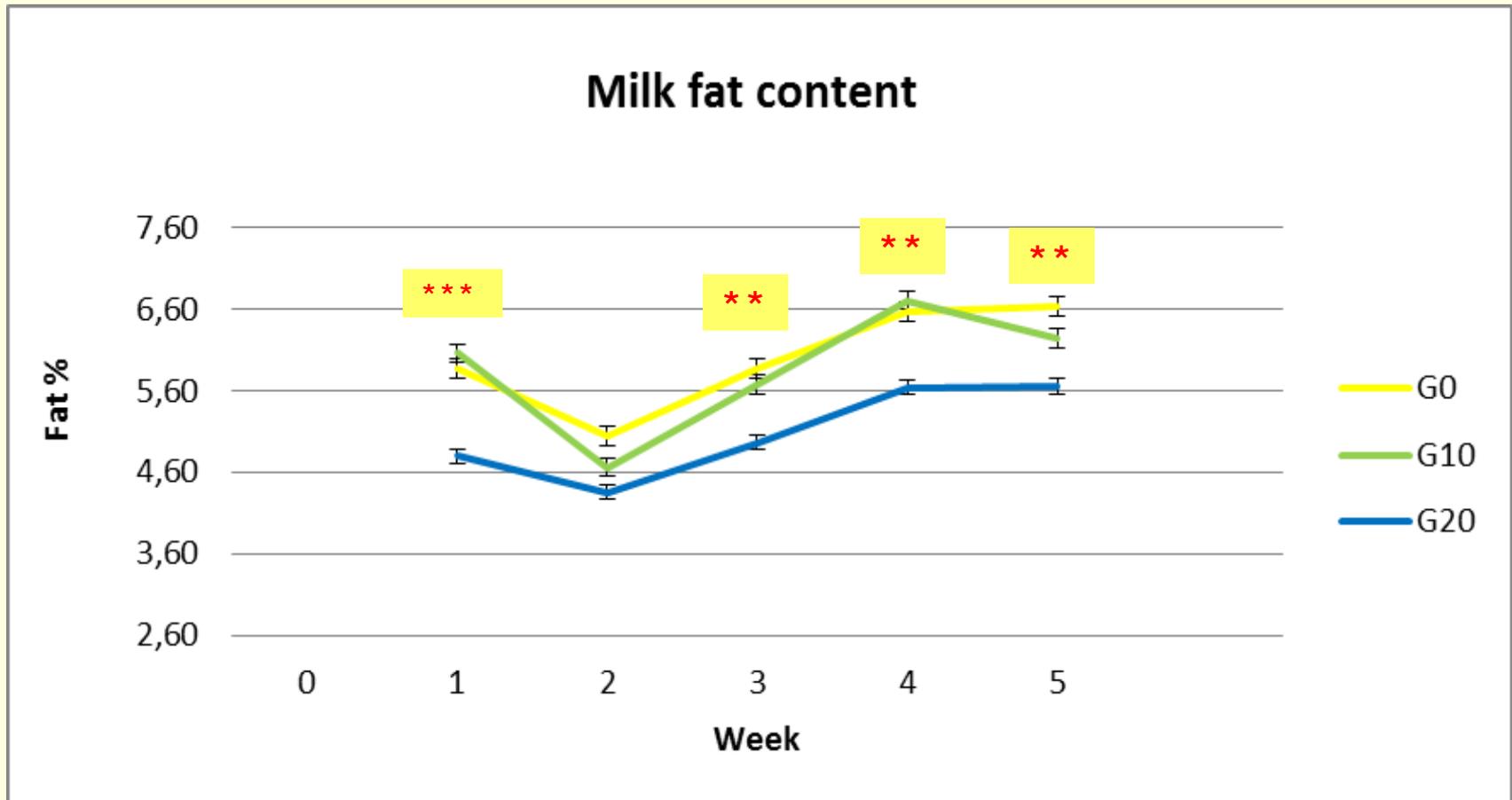
Results on milk constituents



Error bars are standard error of the mean

No differences on milk lactose

Results on milk constituents



Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Results on production and main milk components



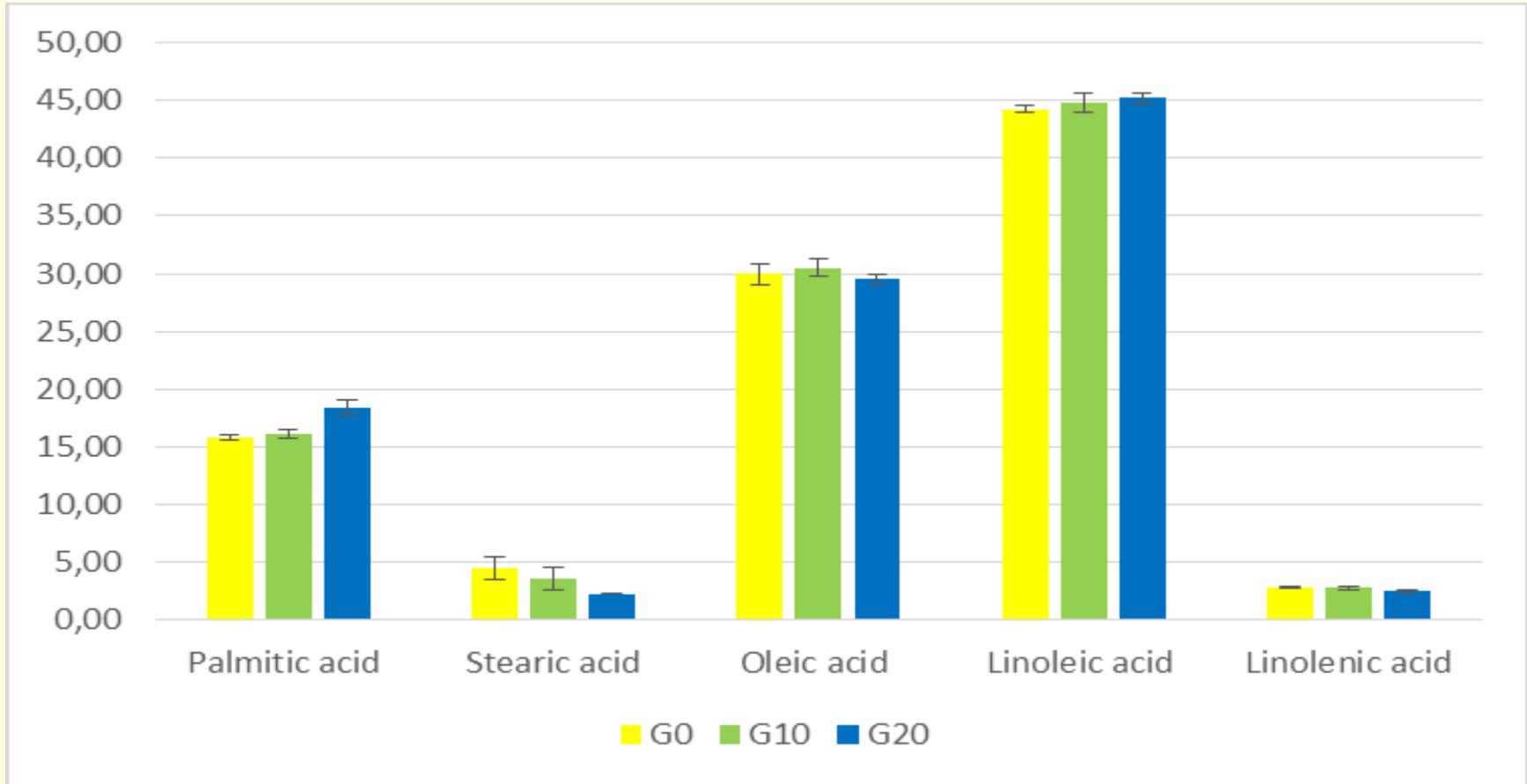
The inclusion of DDGS in lactating sheep did not affect

- milk yield
- feed consumption
- milk constituents apart from fat



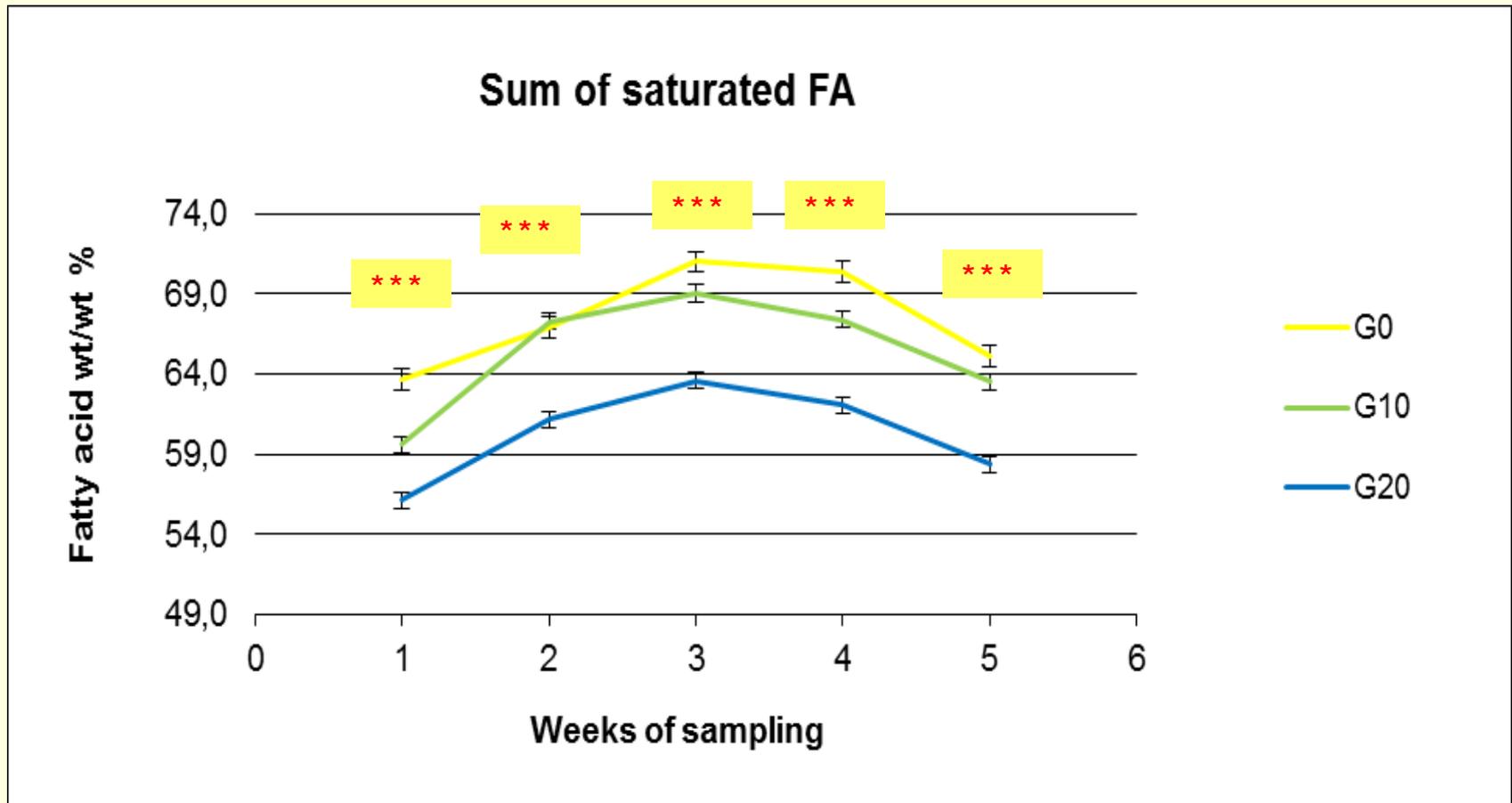
- What about the quality of fat (fatty acid profile)?

Results on fatty acid profile of feed



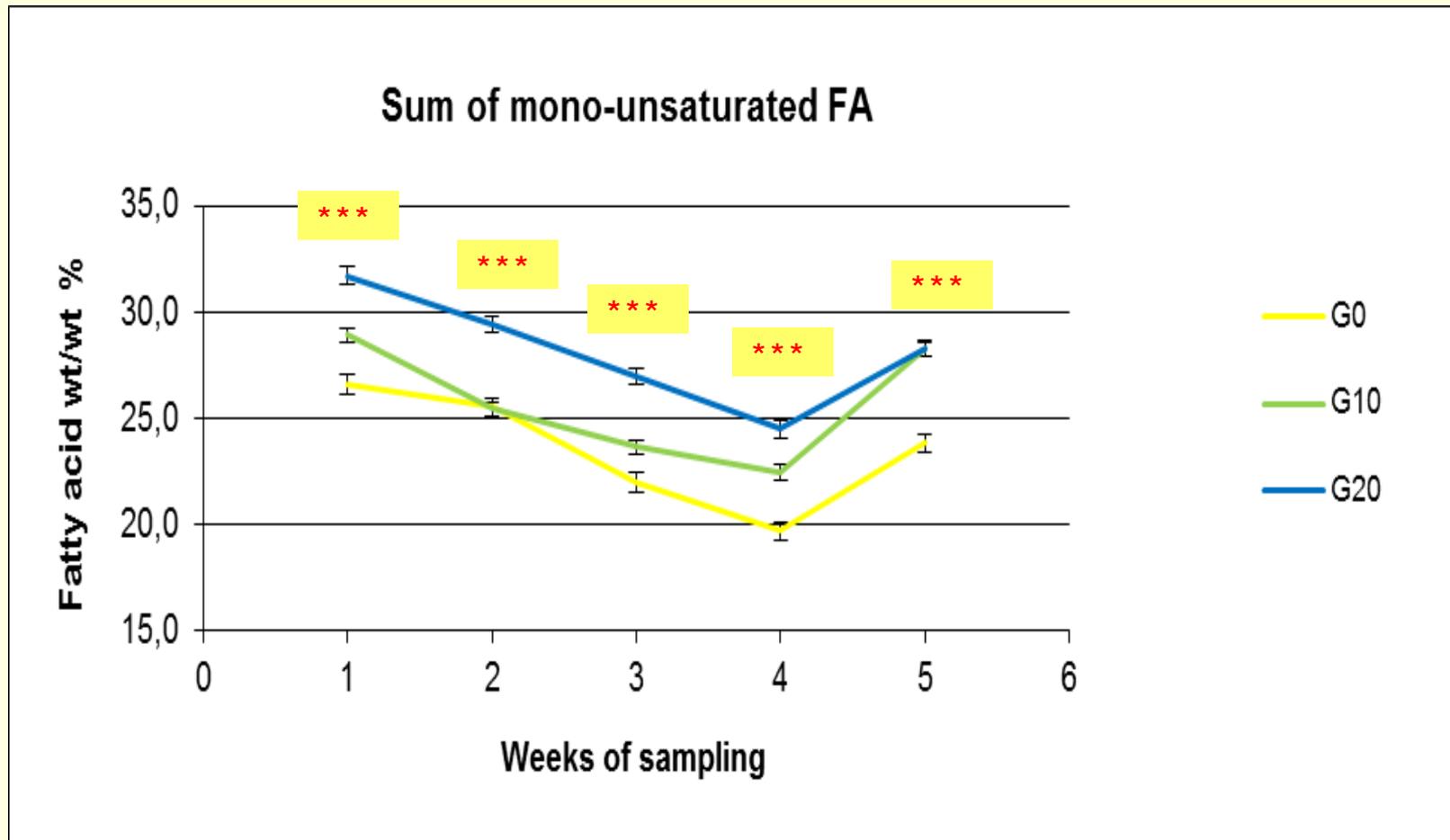
Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Results on fatty acid profile



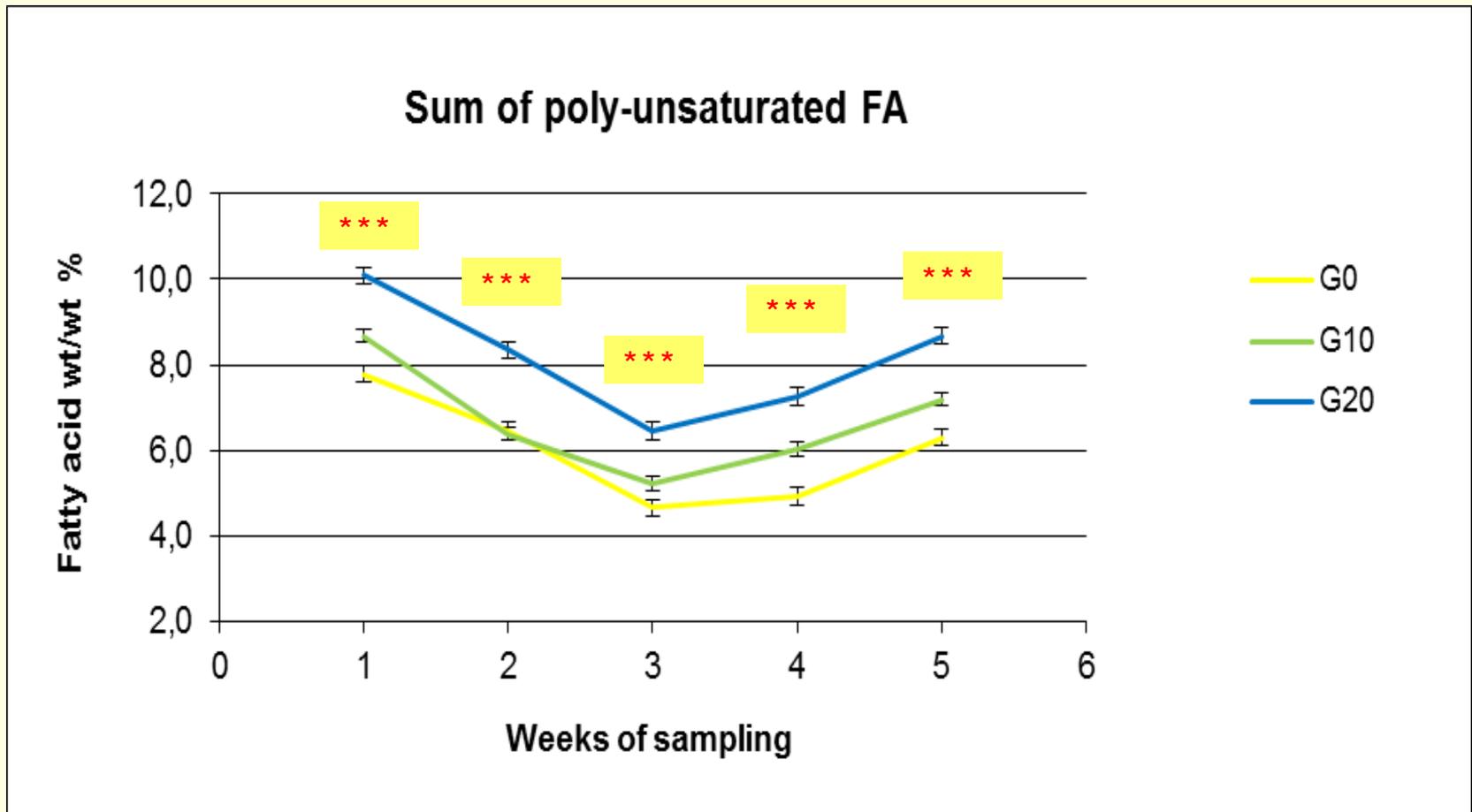
Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Results on fatty acid profile



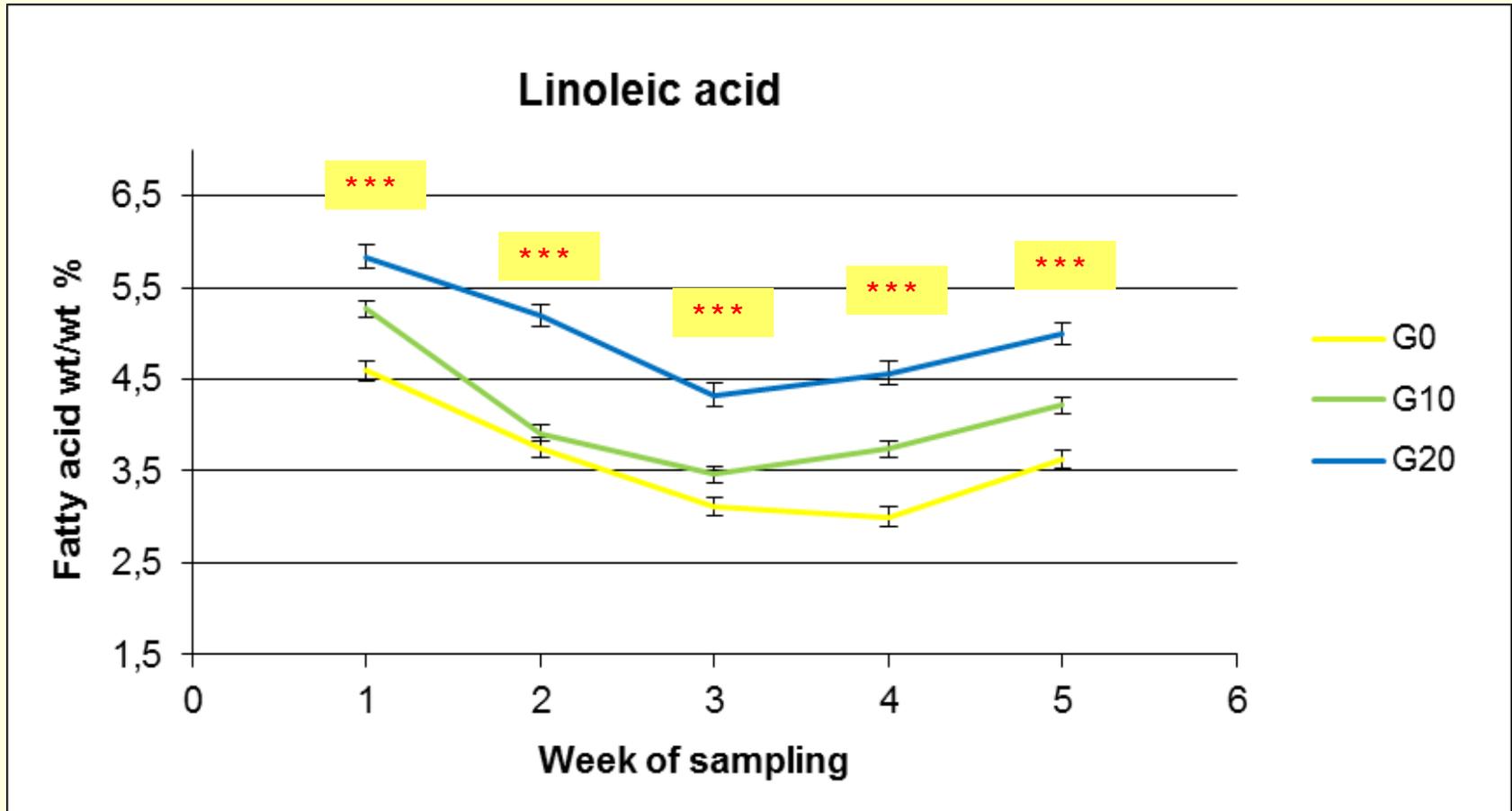
Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Results on fatty acid profile



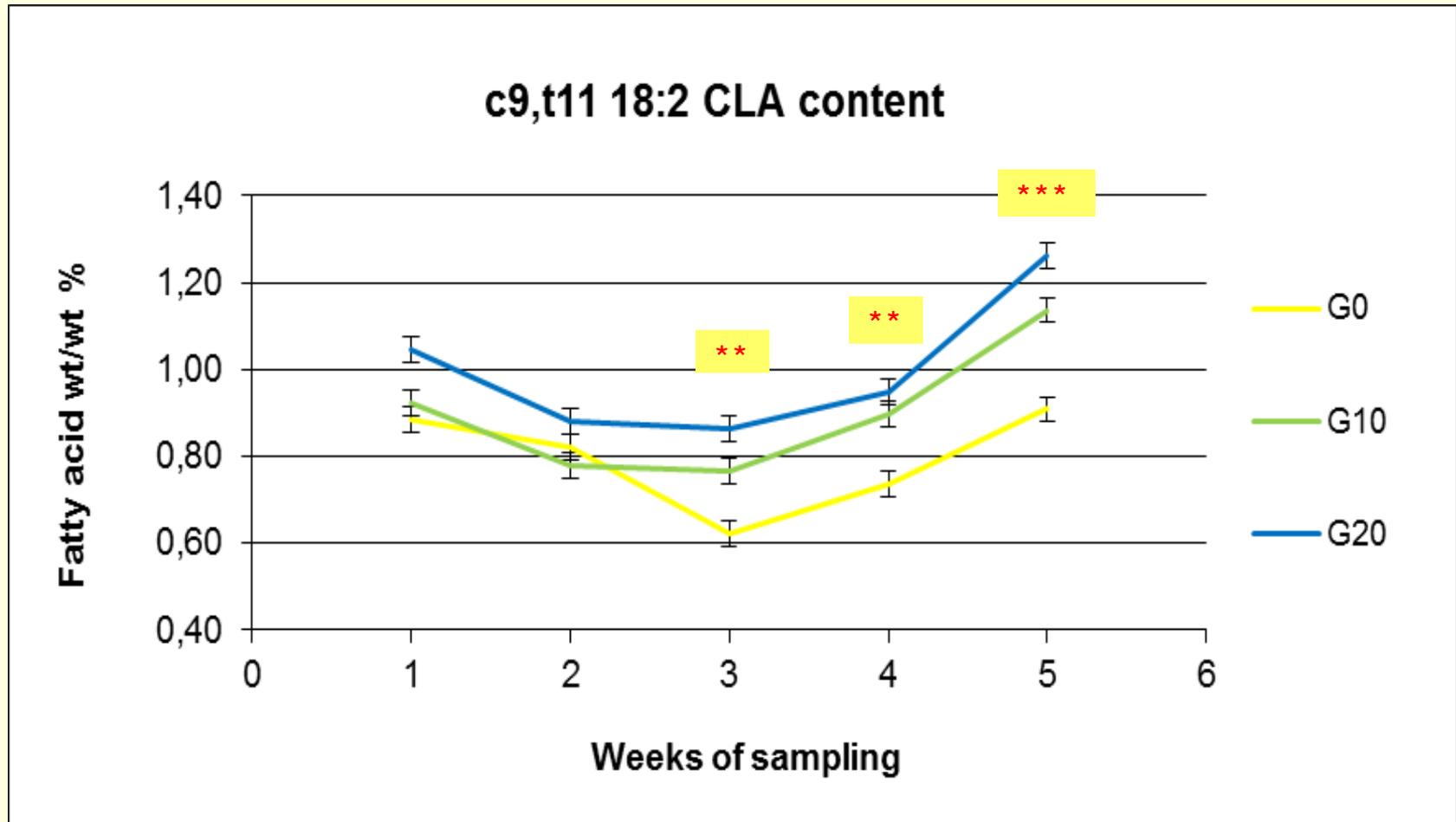
Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Results on fatty acid profile



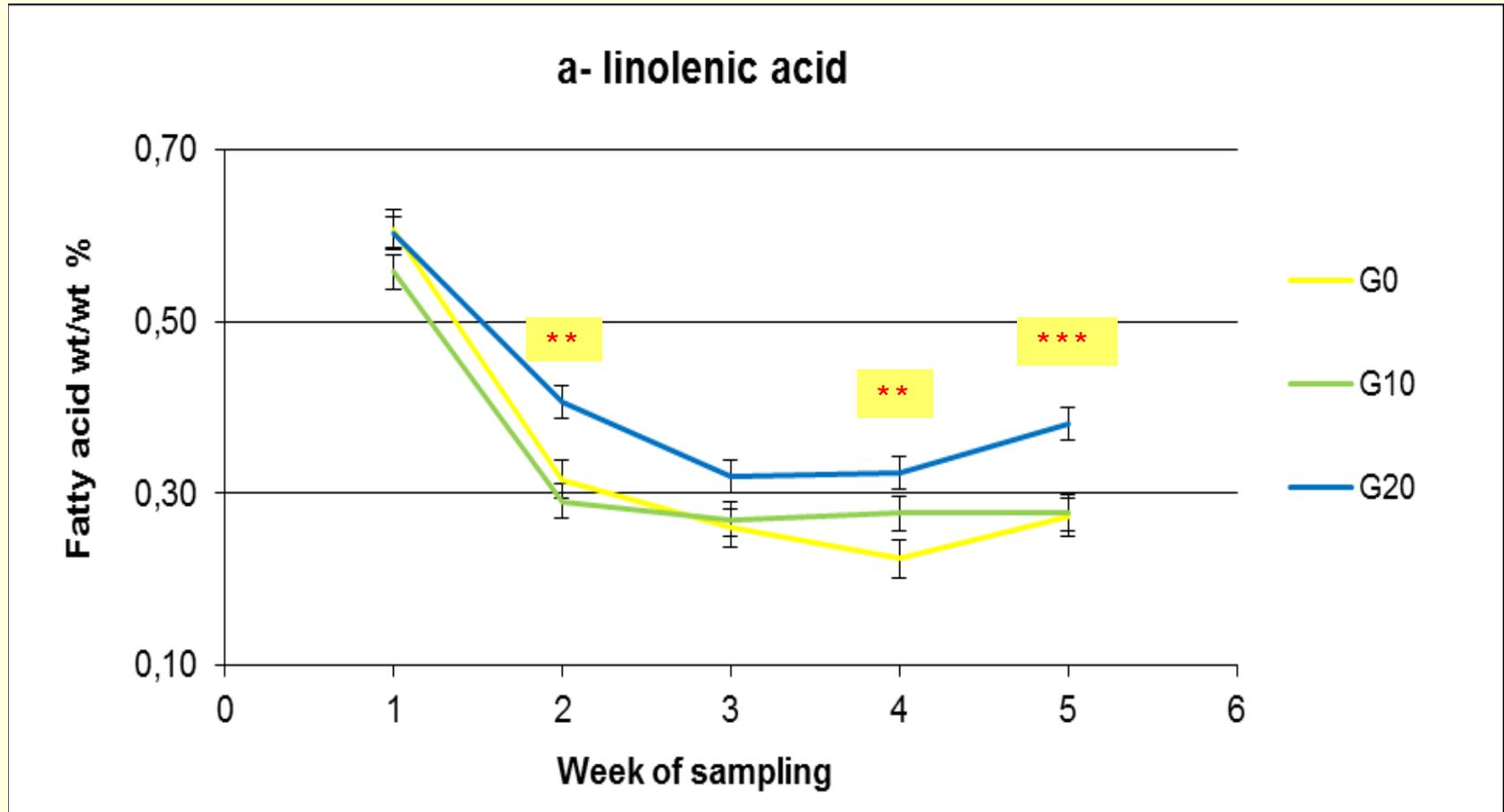
Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Results on fatty acid profile



Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Results on fatty acid profile



Error bars are standard error of the mean, *** $P < 0,001$, ** $P < 0,01$, * $P < 0,05$

Conclusion regarding DDGS use in dairy sheep



The inclusion of DDGS in lactating sheep affected

- The fat content of milk
- The unsaturation index of ovine milk
- Particular FA, beneficial for human health, were increased (i.e. linoleic, CLA)

+ It is a cheap alternative to soya beans for sheep farmers without any advert effects on feed consumption or production when it is used up to 20% inclusion.

Acknowledgments



My colleagues

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- Mrs Constantina Constantinou
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- Dr Christakis Papachristoforou



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Thank you for your attention !

